Detecting and Confirming Cholera Epidemics



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- 1. Maintain surveillance
 - -In endemic areas
 - watch for increase in the baseline number of cases of cholera
 - In non-endemic areas
 - be alert for a single case
- 2. Obtain laboratory confirmation
- 3. Investigate suspected epidemics

Purposes of Surveillance

- Detect outbreaks early
- Estimate number of cases and deaths
- Assess size and geographic extent of outbreak
- Plan control measures
- Decide whether control measures are working

Surveillance in Areas Where Cholera is not Known to be Present

- Surveillance is based on reporting cases of acute watery diarrhea causing severe dehydration (Plan C) or death in persons aged 5 years and older
- This case definition will miss some initial mild cases of cholera, but will avoid "false alarms"

Suspected Case of Cholera

where cholera is not known to be present

Any person aged 5 years or more, who develops severe dehydration or dies from acute watery diarrhea

Surveillance in Areas Where Cholera is Endemic

- Surveillance is based on detecting an increase in the number of cases of acute watery diarrhea in persons aged 5 years and older
- Where cholera is endemic (and during an epidemic of cholera), a large proportion of cases of acute watery diarrhea in persons 5 and older will be due to cholera.

Suspected Case of Cholera

Where there is an <u>epidemic</u> or where cholera is <u>endemic</u>

Any person aged 5 years or more develops acute watery diarrhea

Confirmed Case of Cholera

Any person with diarrhea

who has V. cholerae O1 or O139

isolated from their stool

Collect Information about Cases

- Record basic information in register
 - -date, name, age, sex, address
 - diagnosis & method of confirmation of Dx
 - specimen collected / result
 - -treatment
 - outcome (lived, died, referred)
- Consider a separate "epidemic register" during an epidemic

Reporting Cases In areas where cholera is not endemic

- Health facilities report suspected cholera cases & deaths immediately
 - report all suspected cases, do not wait for confirmation
- Districts summarize and forward reports
- Send reports by rapid and reliable means
- Reports of suspected <u>epidemics</u> should be investigated

Reporting Cases In areas where cholera is endemic

- District level should:
 - review numbers of cases every week
 - summarize health facility reports
 - -forward reports to provincial level
 - -look for sudden increase in cases
- Send reports by rapid and reliable means
- Reports of suspected <u>epidemics</u> should be investigated